

### SO WHAT'S THE DIFFERENCE?

Differing Beliefs in the Local Church

SESSION 6 What are Dispensational Theology Distinctives?

### **REVIEW & REMINDERS**



#### **CLASS SESSIONS**

- 5. What are Covenant theology distinctives?
- 6. What are Dispensational theology distinctives?
- 7. How does a believer grow spiritually?
- 8. Summary & Discussion



### **REVIEW**

Branches of Theology				
Roman Catholic	Covenant	Methodism		
Eastern Orthodox	Reformed	Lutheranism		
Neo-Orthodox	Dispensational	Pentecostal		
Liberal	New Covenant	Liberation		



### COVENANT THEOLOGY REVIEW

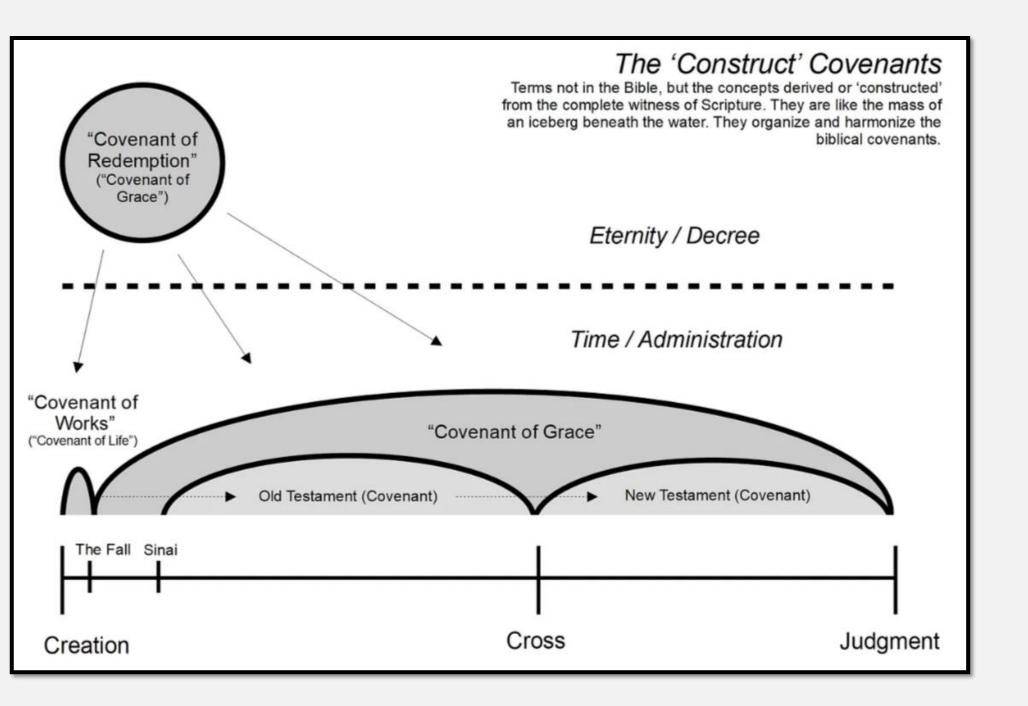
#### Interpreting the Bible through 3 Divine Covenants

**Covenant of Redemption**: Eternal agreement within the Godhead in which **the Father** chose a people to save, appointed **his Son** to redeem them, and **the Spirit** applying this redeeming work to this elect people.

Covenant of Works: God's promise of eternal life for Adam's obedience (federal head of mankind) and death for disobedience.

Covenant of Grace: God's promise of eternal life for all who have faith in Jesus Christ who is the second Adam.







### UNDERSTANDING REFORMED THEOLOGY

- To be Calvinist is to hold to the 5 points of Calvinism.
- To be Covenantal is to hold to the covenantal framework of the bible.
- To be Confessional is to hold to one of the historic confessions of the faith.
- To be **Reformed** is to be Calvinistic, covenantal, confessional, plus two other convictions: #I the ordinary means of grace through corporate local church practices, and #2 the distinction between the law and the Gospel.



# SESSION 6 WHAT ARE DISPENSATIONAL THEOLOGY DISTINCTIVES?



### UNDERSTANDING DISPENSATIONAL THEOLOGY

**Dispensationalism** organizes history and theology around a series of distinctive ways God administered His governance of the world as He revealed His character and His plan for mankind. These are called dispensations.

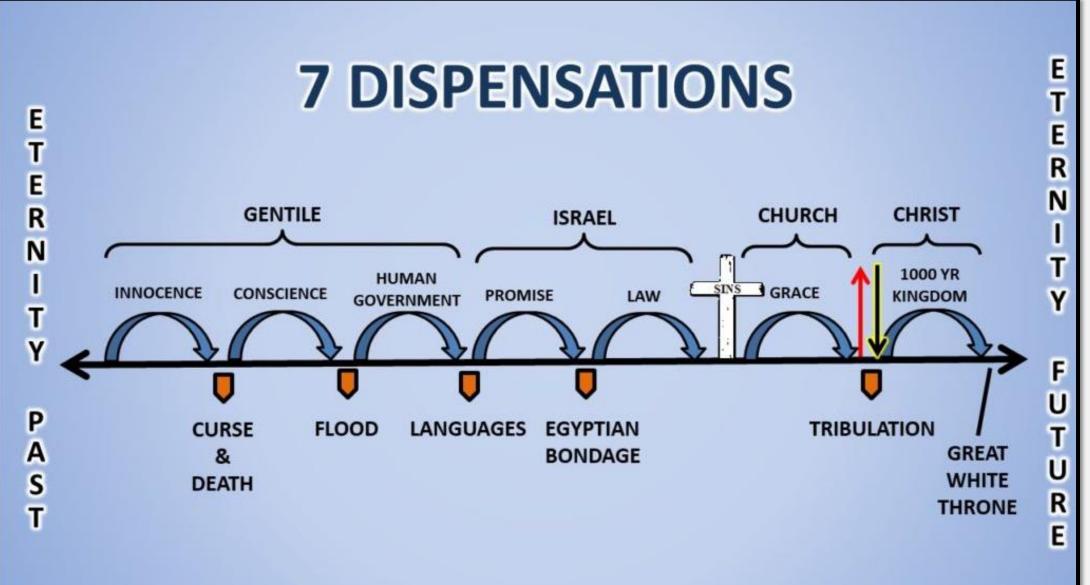
Each Dispensation begins with an offer of blessing by God and ends with mankind's failure and its consequences.



### UNDERSTANDING DISPENSATIONAL THEOLOGY

Dispensationalism believes that God has dealt with humanity in different ways at different times—revealing to us His character and His plan for mankind. These different periods of time are called dispensations.







### CLAIMS OF DISPENSATIONAL THEOLOGY

- Stresses a literal not figurative/allegorical hermeneutic.
- Israel and the Church are two separate entities.
- **OT promises** to Israel fulfilled literally not by the Church.
- The Church is a parenthesis a mystery in God's plan.
- Salvation is always through faith but the content of that faith changes through progressive revelation.
- The Mosaic Law has been fulfilled and superseded.



### COVENANT OR DISPENSATIONAL AREAS OF IMPACT

- Framework for understanding whole storyline of Scripture
- Promises to Israel of the LAND and THRONE
- Church practice: law, sabbath, tithes, infant baptism
- View of the present and future KINGDOM
- Prayer for God not for us to bring in His kingdom
- Prophetic expectations of next events



#### PROGRESSIVE DISPENSATIONALISM

This mode of thought emerged in the 1980s and holds to Four major dispensations. While this variant is more closely aligned with Classical Dispensationalism, it does have a few key differences. While Classical Dispensationalists will use a literal hermeneutic, Progressive Dispensationalists will use a Complementary Hermeneutic.

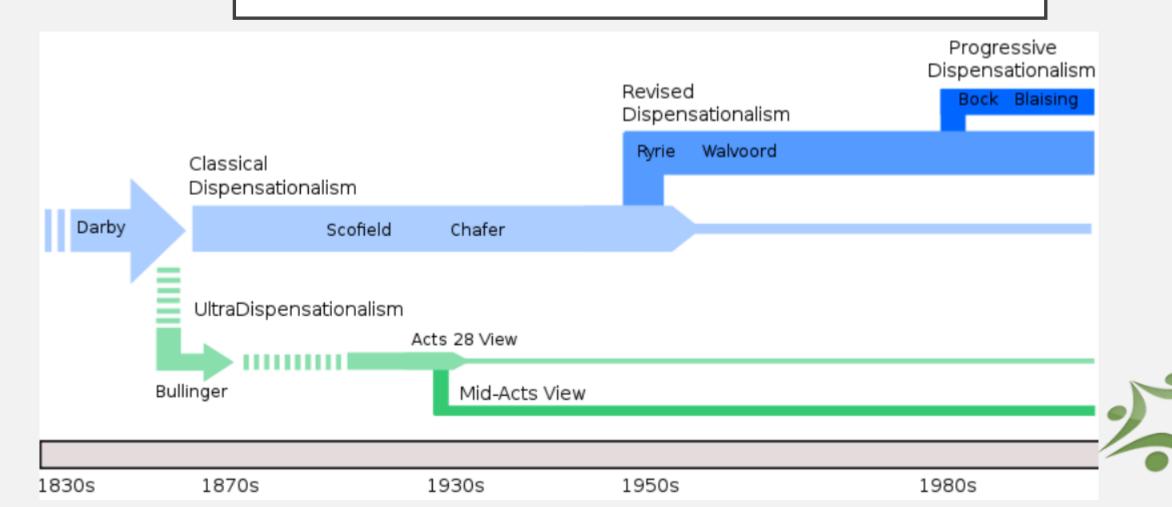


### CLASSIC VS PROGRESSIVE DISPENSATIONALISM

	Old Testament Promises to Israel	Church Age	Millennium
Traditional Dispensationalism	*		*
Covenant Theology	*	*	
Progressive Dispensationalism	(spiritual) *	*	*
	(physical) *		*



### HISTORY OF DISPENSATIONALISM

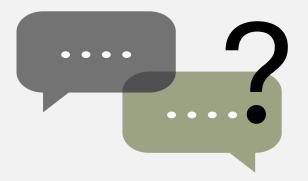


### NEXT WEEK - SESSION 7

## How does a Believer grow Spiritually?



### QUESTIONS / DISCUSSION





### THE END OF SESSION 6

